

**1- Choose the correct suitable form of the verbs to fill in the blanks:**

- 1- The plan .....(arrive) at 3.30.
- 2- When I came back home, my dog .....(sit) at the gate waiting for me.
- 3- By 2025, computer .....(take over) many of jobs that people do today.
- 4- I .....(go) home next Sunday.
- 5- Help!.....(fall).
- 6- Sam .....(do) his math homework when the phone rang
- 7- Dad was cooking our dinner when I .....( get) home
- 8- Jane .....(wait) for me when .....(arrive)
- 9- How fast .....(you/drive) when the accident ..... (happen)?
- 10- I ran so fast that my heart .....(beat) really hard.
- 11- We .....(live) in this house for five years.
- 12- The teacher already .....(pin) a notice on the bored.
- 13- Ali .....(be) my best friend for years.
- 14- Your children .....(broke) my window.
- 15- Has Tom.....(do) all his homework.
- 16- I .....(do) my homework after dinner.
- 17- It.....(be) soon be dark outside.
- 18- Your tree .....(die) without water.
- 19- I .....(visit) my cousin tomorrow.
- 20- My dad .....(be) home later.
- 21- The sun .....(rise) at 6.30 tomorrow.
- 22- .....it rain next tomorrow ?
- 23- We .....(buy) car next month.
- 24- While we .....(have) the picnic, it started to rain.
- 25- While I .....(write) the email, the computer suddenly went off.
- 26- Sammy .....(wait) for us when we got off the plane.
- 27- I was listening to my iPod, so I .....(do) hear the fire alarm.
- 28- I .....(see) that movie twenty times.
- 29- .....you read the book yet?
- 30-My English .....(really/ improve) since I moved to Australia.
- 31- I .....(have) a cold for two weeks

**2- Put the adjective between the brackets below in the correct form:**

1. My house is .....(large) hers.
2. This box is ..... (small) the one I lost.
3. Your dog runs .....(fast) Jim's dog.
4. The rock flew .....(high) the roof.
5. Today is the .....(bad) day I've had in a long time.
6. You play tennis .....(good) I do.
7. This is the .....(little) expensive sweater in the store
8. I ran pretty far yesterday, but I ran even .....(far) today.
9. It was .....(happy) day of my life.
10. Everest .....(high) in the world.
11. That's .....(good) I have seen this year.
12. I have three sisters: Jan .....(old) and Angela is the .....(young).
13. I want to have .....(powerful) computer.
14. Is French .....(difficult) than English?
15. Canada, China and Russia are big countries. But Russia is .....(big)
16. Tortoise is .....(slow) than rabbit.
17. Water is .....(important) thing in life.
18. My house is..... (clean) one in the whole city.
19. You know my house is .....(beautiful) Ali's house
20. My car is .....(new) of all cars.

**3- Rewrite the first statement as yes or No questions. The first one has already been done for you:**

- 1- It is raining again  
Is it raining again
- 2- Margaret is home
- 3- My mom is working at office
- 4- The teacher told the children the story
- 5- Tom could sit with Philp
- 6- We will be late
- 7- Sally has got a dog
- 8- Anna and I can go by train
- 9- I'm your best friend
- 10- There aren't many clouds in the sky
- 11- There weren't many emails for me.
- 12- You have already seen the movie
- 13- We shouldn't look at the answer first
- 14- You didn't see the cat in the garden
- 15- We mustn't be late

**4- Complete the sentences below by choosing the suitable auxiliary verb (model verb)**

- 1- .....ride a bike (can- would)
- 2- I .....walk to school by my own ( can't- may)
- 3- .....you pass me this book please (would- ought to)
- 4- You .....try the new French restaurant today. (should- might)
- 5- You like tired you .....go to the bed early (ought to – may)
- 6- I .....mail this letter today (must- might be)
- 7- I ran as fast as I .....(could- would)
- 8- .....you open the window please? (could – might)
- 9- .....you like another drink (would- have )
- 10- .....I borrow your pen? (may – should) .

**5- Put the adjective below in the suitable order:**

1. I love that **beautiful old big green antique** car that always parked at the end of the street.
2. My sister has (a - **white - beautiful big -**) tan .
3. A (**Italian - old - wonderful**) clock.
4. A ( **blue – square- big** )box.
5. A (**plastic -pink- disgusting** )ornament.
6. Some (**French - new -slim**) trousers.
7. An (**American - new -amazing** ) movie.
8. I bought a pair of (**black- leather- Italian- nice**) shoes.
9. She dropped (**old - beautiful – the- glass**) plate and it smashed.
10. We ate (**green - English - round- some**) apples
11. They went on holiday to (**small - wooden - a – beautiful- large** ) cabin.
12. She drank (**Turkish -black – hot- delicious** ) coffee.

**6- Choose the suitable demonstrative determiners to complete the sentences below:**

1. I like ..... food.( this – those)
2. use (.....) pens. (this – those)
3. We don't meet ..... days.(this – these)
4. Look at ..... big cloud.(those- that)
5. Can you see ----- birds?(those- this)
6. Do you remember ..... man we met last week?(that- this)
7. .... days on holiday were enjoyable.(these – those)
8. Is ..... John's house over there? (that- this)
9. We really surprised you ..... time (that – these)
- 10..... people were here first.(those – this)

**7- Use the question words what, which, who ,whose, when, where and how to complete the sentences below:**

1. .... is your name?
2. .... date is it today?
3. .... boy is your brother?
4. .... is the boy next to Alan?
5. .... book is this?
6. .... can I come to visit you?
7. .... does the spring vacation start?
8. .... is the pencil that I left on my desk?
9. .... do the birds go when they fly away in winter?
- 10..... does a plane stay in the sky?
- 11..... wants to come with me?
- 12..... is the fastest car?
- 13.I've got my coat. .... is this?

## II- Reading Passages

### Carly's Family

Carly has a large family. She lives with four people. Carly also has two pets. Carly's mom is a doctor. Carly's mom works at the hospital. Carly's mom helps people who are sick. Carly's dad works at home. Carly's dad cooks for the family. Carly's dad drives the kids to soccer practice. Carly has two brothers. James is ten years old. Scott is fourteen years old. Carly has two pets. Jinx is a small, black cat. Diego is a large, brown dog. Carly loves her family!

#### Questions

**1) How many people are in Carly's family?**

- A. four
- B. five
- C. six

**2) Carly's mom works at the**

- A. restaurant
- B. mall
- C. hospital

**3) This passage is mostly about Carly's**

- A. family
- B. pets
- C. soccer team

**4) Which of the following is most likely true?**

- A. Carly's mom coaches the soccer team.
- B. James is the best soccer player in the family.
- C. Jinx and Diego are part of Carly's family.

**5) The oldest brother in Carly's family is**

- A. James
- B. Scott
- C. Diego

## Robots

A robot is a machine. But it is not just any machine. It is a special kind of machine. It is a machine that moves. It follows instructions. The instructions come from a computer. Because it is a machine, it does not make mistakes. And it does not get tired. And it never complains. Unless you tell it to! Robots are all around us. Some robots are used to make things. For example, robots can help make cars. Some robots are used to explore dangerous places. For example, robots can help explore volcanoes. Some robots are used to clean things. These robots can help vacuum your house. Some robots can even recognize words. They can be used to help answer telephone calls. Some robots look like humans. But most robots do not. Most robots just look like machines. Long ago, people imagined robots. Over 2,000 years ago, a famous poet imagined robots. The poet's name was Homer. His robots were made of gold. They cleaned things and they made things. But they were not real. They were imaginary. Nobody was able to make a real robot. The first real robot was made in 1961. It was called Unimate. It was used to help make cars. It looked like a giant arm. In the future, we will have even more robots. They will do things that we can't do. Or they will do things that we don't want to do. Or they will do things that are too dangerous for us. Robots will help us fight fires. They will help us fight wars. They will help us fight sickness. They will help us discover things. They will help make life better.

**1) As used in paragraph 1, we can understand that something special is NOT**

- A. normal
- B. expensive
- C. perfect
- D. tired

**2) According to the author, robots may be used to**

- I. make cars
  - II. explore volcanoes
  - III. answer telephone calls
- A. I only
  - B. I and II only
  - C. II and III only
  - D. I, II, and III

**3) What is the main purpose of paragraph 2?**

- A. to show how easy it is to make a robot
- B. to tell what a robot is
- C. to describe the things a robot can do
- D. to explain the difference between a robot and a machine

**4) According to the passage, when was the first real robot made?**

- A. 1961
- B. 1900
- C. 2003
- D. 2000 years ago

5) Using the information in the passage as a guide, which of these gives the best use of a robot?

- A. to help make a sandwich
- B. to help tie shoes
- C. to help read a book
- D. to help explore Mars

6) Which of these statements correctly summarizes how the author of this passage feels about robots?

- A. Robots are old.
- B. Robots are confusing.
- C. Robots are helpful.
- D. Robots are dangerous

## Materials

Materials A material is what something is made of. There are 5 basic materials. Most things are made with these materials. Some things are made of metal. Some things are made of glass. Some things are made of wood. Some things are made of cloth. And some things are made of plastic. There are some other materials. But they are not used as much as these 5 materials. Let's talk about metal first. Metal is very heavy. And it is very hard and strong. It usually feels cool if you touch it. We use metal to make lots of things. We use it for forks and knives. We use it for keys. We use it for cars. We use it for these things because it is very strong. Next, let's talk about glass. Glass is very smooth. It feels cool to touch. It is not as heavy as metal. It is hard. But it is not strong. It breaks very easily! Then why do we use it? We use it because it is clear! You can see through glass! That's why we use it for windows. That's also why we use it for glasses. Now, let's talk about wood. Wood is lighter than metal and glass. It is not as strong as metal. But it is much stronger than glass. We use wood to make lots of things. Things made from wood are usually light and hard and strong. Chairs and tables are made from wood. Pencils are made from wood. Now let's talk about cloth. Cloth is very light. It is much lighter than wood. And it is very soft. We use cloth to make lots of things. For example, it is used to make clothing. And it is used to make blankets. Last, let's talk about plastic. Plastic is also very light. But it is different from cloth. Sometimes it is soft. And sometimes it is hard. Plastic can be used to make thin plastic bags. These are light, soft, and strong. But plastic can also be used to make bicycle helmets. These are light, hard, and strong. A helmet and a bag seem different. But they are both made from plastic.

1- Which sentence from the passage best describes the main idea?

- A. "We use cloth to make lots of things."
- B. "Metal is very heavy."
- C. "There are 5 basic materials."
- D. "A helmet and a bag seem different."

2) According to the passage, which of these things is a material?

- A. chairs
- B. clothing



- C. windows  
D. wood

**3) According to the passage, how does glass feel?**

- A. smooth and cool  
B. warm and soft  
C. light and hard  
D. sharp and heavy

**4) In paragraph 4, the passage says, "Wood is lighter than metal and glass." What is the main purpose of this sentence?**

- A. to explain something  
B. to recommend something  
C. to compare something  
D. to demonstrate something

**5) Which material would you use if you wanted to make something that was strong and very light?**

- A. plastic  
B. wood  
C. metal  
D. glass

**6) In this passage, the author talks about**

- A. hard things first, then soft things  
B. heavy things first, then light things  
C. strong things first, then weak things  
D. cool things first, then warm things

*All the Best*

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